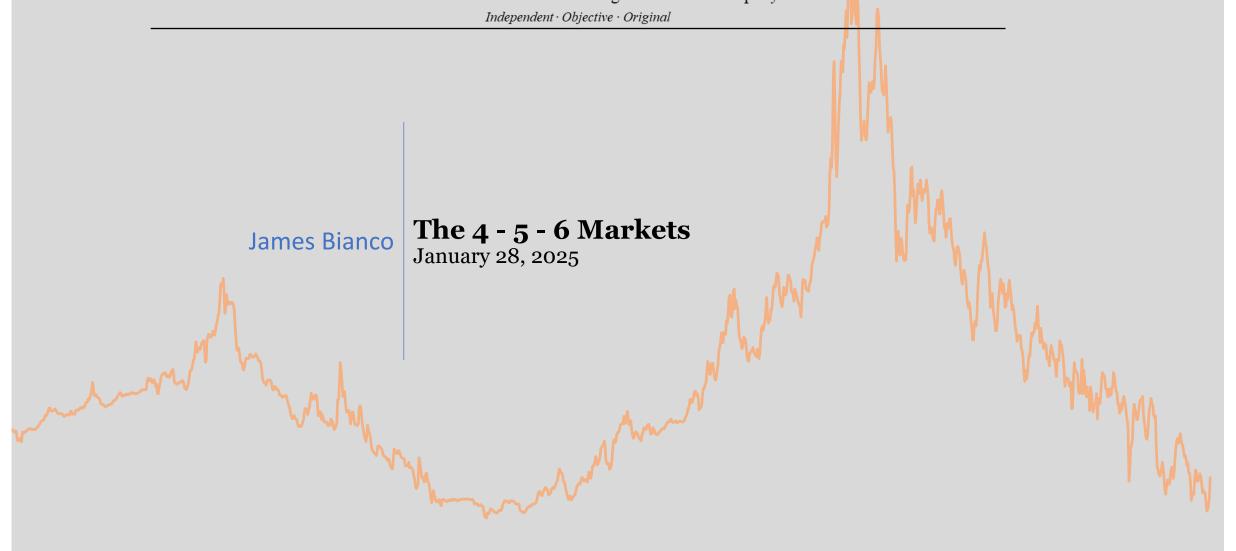
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The 4-5-6 Markets

By Jim Bianco January 28, 2025

Premise: Over the next several years cash will return 4%, Bonds will return 5% and stocks will return 6%. In other words, TINA (there is no alternative) is over and stocks will have to compete with bonds and cash.

Assumptions

- Yesterday's sell-off was a financial event, not an economic event.
- The economy is growing at its potential (2.5%), albeit a k-shape
- Recessions and financial crisis change the economy, as 2020 did.
- Inflation will average 3% and the market expects this
- Years of good returns have made everyone momentum investors (aka gamblers)

Why Cash Will Return 4%

- Rate cuts might be done
- The Fed is close to "neutral"
- Money market funds will continue to churn out 4% with no risk

Why Bonds Will Return 5%

- Return to "normal" pre-2008/QE era.
- Term premiums are normalizing
- Real rates returning
- Yield curve steepening

Why Stocks Will Return 6%

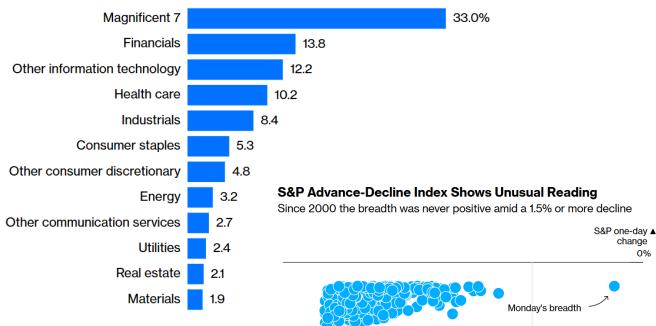
- Overvaluation points to lower future returns
- Too much gambling and speculation

2025 Asset Allocations

- The stock/bond ratio is turning
- Passive equities but active bonds
- Our ETF

Top Heavy

The Magnificent 7 are about a third of the S&P 500 by weighting



Source: Bloomberg

Source: Bloomberg

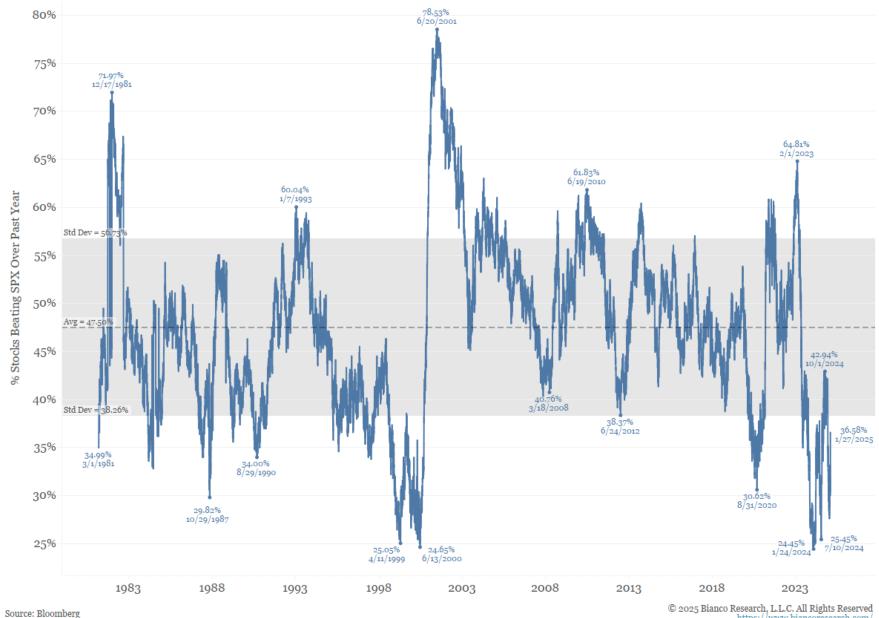
Note: As of close on 1/24/2025

Ryan Detrick, CMT @RyanDetrick

In an alternate universe these could have been the headlines today:

- * Financials close at an all-time high
- * 22 (out of 30) Dow stocks close higher
- * Transports soar 1.5% to a new ATH
- * The Dow is less than 1% from a new ATH
- * Apple posts it's best day in 4 months
- * Amazon is at an all-time high
- * 349 stocks in the S&P 500 close higher
- * Momentum is up 7% YTD
- * Small caps and midcaps both outperformed today and are now outperforming the S&P 500 YTD
- * High yield closed higher, as there is no credit risk currently

The Percentage of S&P 500 Stocks Outperforming the Index Over the Past Year



GDP Since the Lockdown Ended

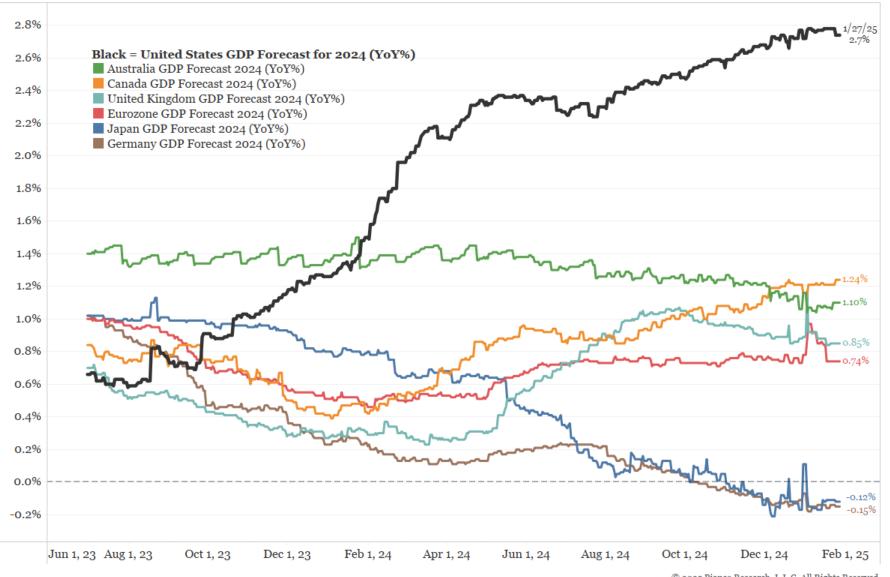


Economic expansions do not die of old age, they are murdered - Rudi Dornbusch Post WW2 Recessions and Their Triggers

| Start | End | "Murder Weapon" |
|----------|----------|--|
| Feb 1945 | Oct 1945 | Dramtic Drop in Miltary Spending (End of WW2) |
| Nov 1948 | Oct 1949 | Demobilzation of the WW2 Economy |
| Jul 1953 | May 1954 | Dramtic Drop in Miltary Spending (End of Korean War) |
| Aug 1957 | Apr 1958 | Suez Crisis/Sputnik |
| Apr 1960 | Feb 1961 | Tight Monetary Policy |
| Dec 1969 | Nov 1970 | Vietnam War |
| Nov 1973 | Mar 1975 | Arab Oil Embargo |
| Jan 1980 | Jul 1980 | Highest Inflation of the Century |
| Jul 1981 | Nov 1982 | Punishing Interest Rates (15% 10-year) |
| Jul 1990 | Mar 1991 | Iraq Invades Kuwait (~200% rise in Crude Oil) |
| Mar 2001 | Nov 2001 | Tech Bubble Popping/September 11 |
| Dec 2007 | Jun 2009 | Housing Crash/\$145 Crude (July 2008) |
| Feb 2020 | Apr 2020 | COVID-19 |

The US Surges Without Anyone Else

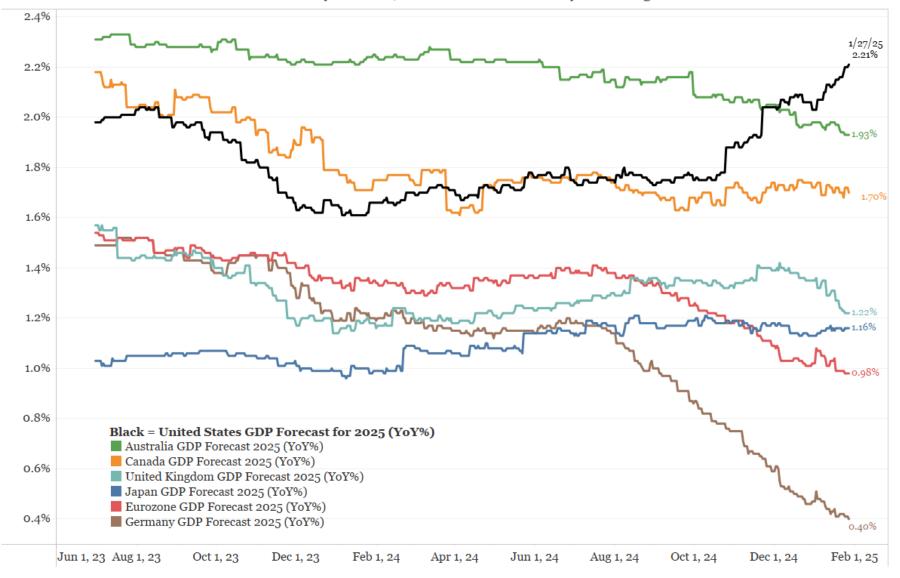
Regularly Updated 2024 Real GDP Forecasts From a Survey of About 70 Economists Conducted By Bloomberg



Data Source: Bloomberg

2025 GDP Forecasts

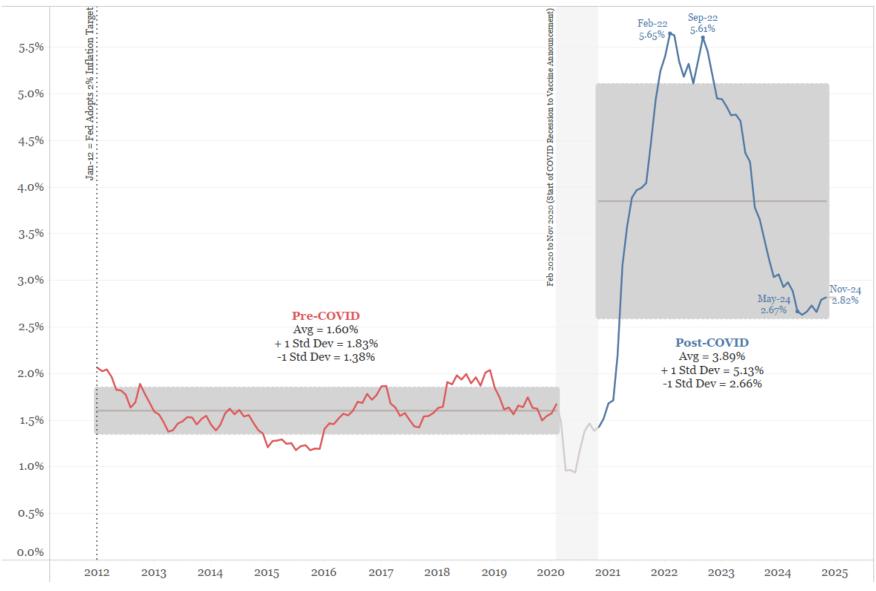
Regularly Updated 2025 Real GDP Forecasts From a Survey of About 70 Economists Conducted By Bloomberg



Data Source: Bloomberg

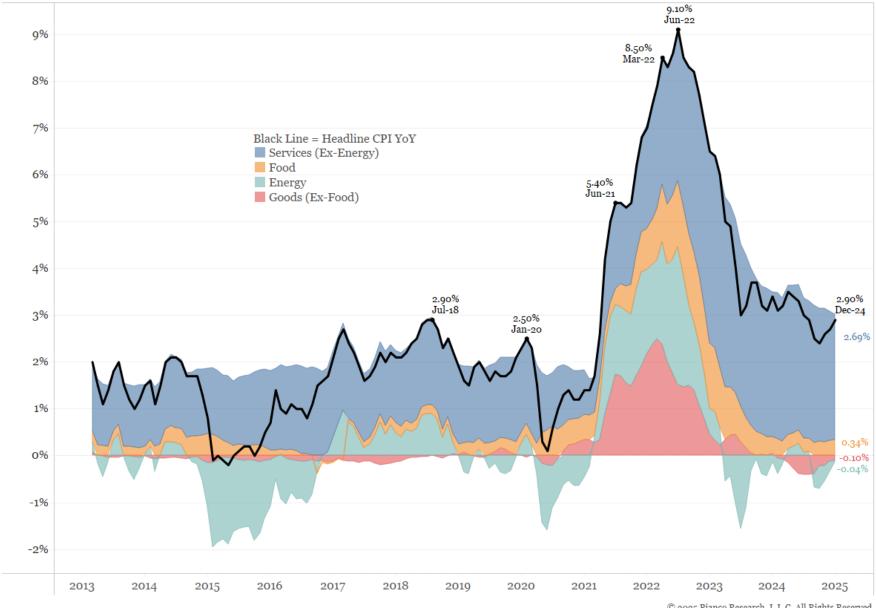
Year-over-Year Core PCE

The Fed's Perferred Inflation Measure



Source: Bloomberg, The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), The Federal Reserve

Breaking Down CPI's Major Contributors



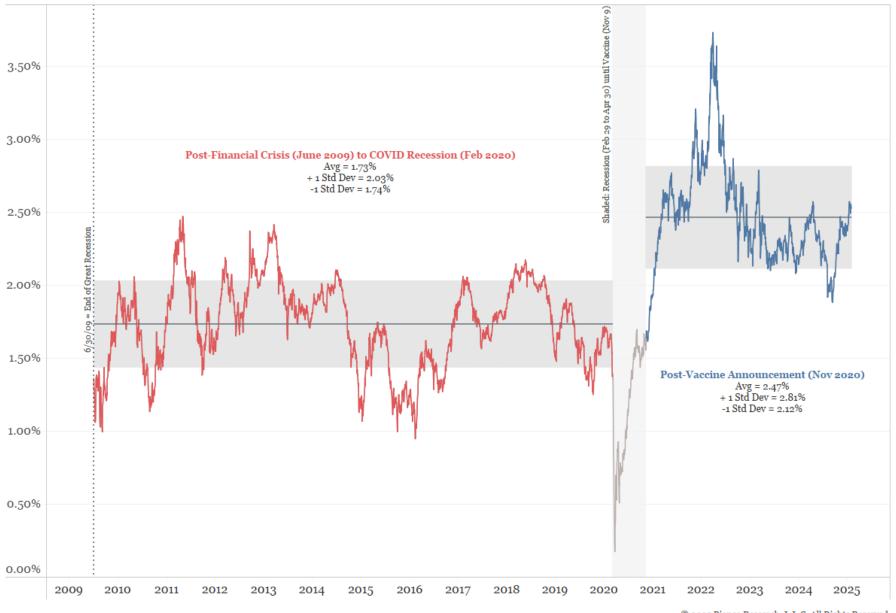
Source: Bloomberg

Inflation Expectations And Gasoline Prices



Source: Bloomberg

5-Year TIPS Inflation Breakeven Rate - Before and After COVID



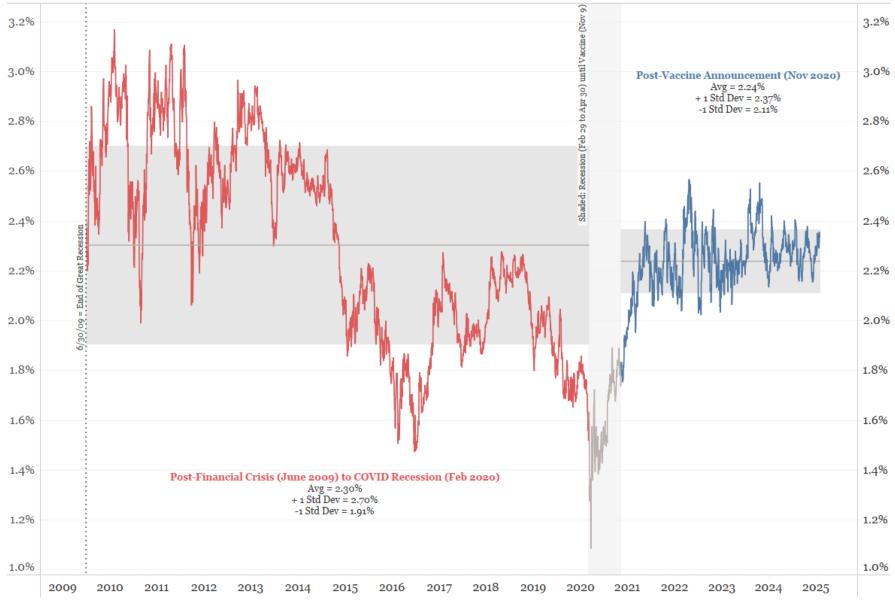
Source: Bloomberg

10-Year TIPS Inflation Breakeven Rate - Before and After COVID



Source: Bloomberg

5-Year/5-Year TIPS Inflation Breakeven Rate - Before and After COVID



Source: Bloomberg

Monetary policy without a working theory of inflation

In this paper, I will explain two conclusions that I drew from my experience. One is a substantive monetary policy point, and the other is more of a sociological observation relevant to the monetary policy-making process.

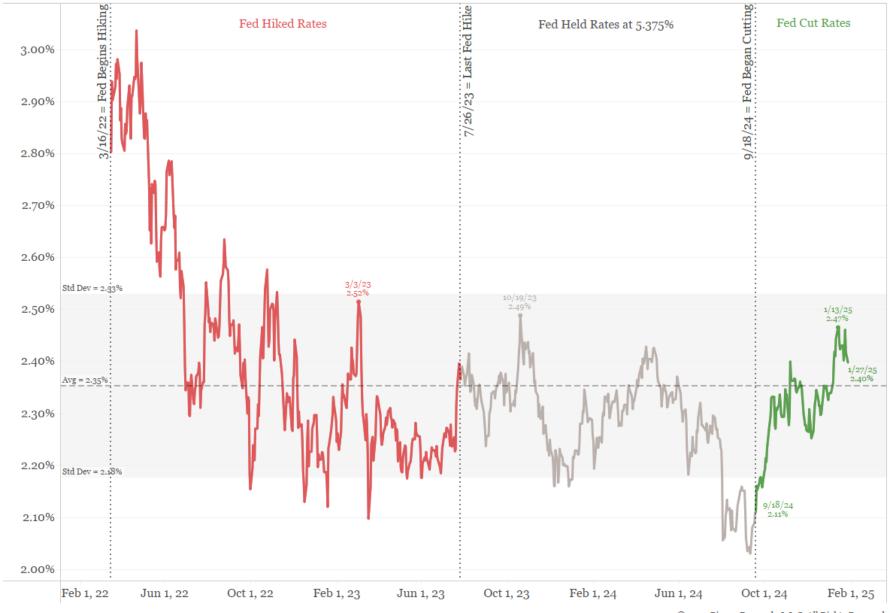
The substantive point is that we do not, at present, have a theory of inflation dynamics that works sufficiently well to be of use for the business of real-time monetary policymaking.

The sociological point is that many (though certainly not all) good monetary policymakers who were formally trained as such have an almost instinctual attachment to some of those problematic concepts and hard-to-estimate variables.

•The Financial Times – (October 2017) <u>Fed has no reliable theory of inflation, says Tarullo</u>

He was particularly doubtful about the weight inflation expectations play in rate-setting policy, given the "range and depth of unanswered questions" about how they are formed and measured. "The substantive point is that we do not, at present, have a theory of inflation dynamics that works sufficiently well to be of use for the business of real-time monetary policymaking," said Mr Tarullo in a speech at the Brookings think-tank in Washington.

US 10-Year TIPS Treasury Inflation Breakeven Rate



Source: Bloomberg

2024 Total Return:

- * 1.25% Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index
- * 5.29% 3-Month T-Bill
- * 8.19% High Yield
- * 18.67% MSCI World-Free Index
- * 25.02% S&P 500
- * 26.62% Gold
- * 120.5% Bitcoin



Cumulative Change in 10-Year Yields After the Fed Starts Cutting Rates Back to 1963

The 10-year yield is now up 104 basis points since the Fed started cutting (black).

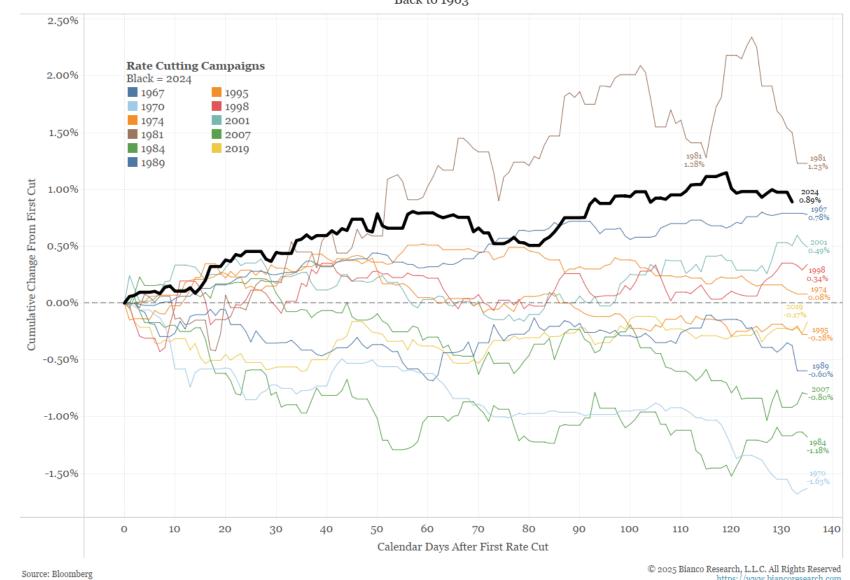
In the last 60 years, only one time have 10-year yields risen more in a rate-cutting cycle, in 1981 (brown) when Volcker took the funds down from its world record high of 20%, and the bond market hated it (causing Yardeni to coin the term, "Bond Market Vigilantes")

The current rate rise is "getting into the conversation" of surpassing the 1981 rate rise. It probably will not, but who thought it would get this close after 100+ days.

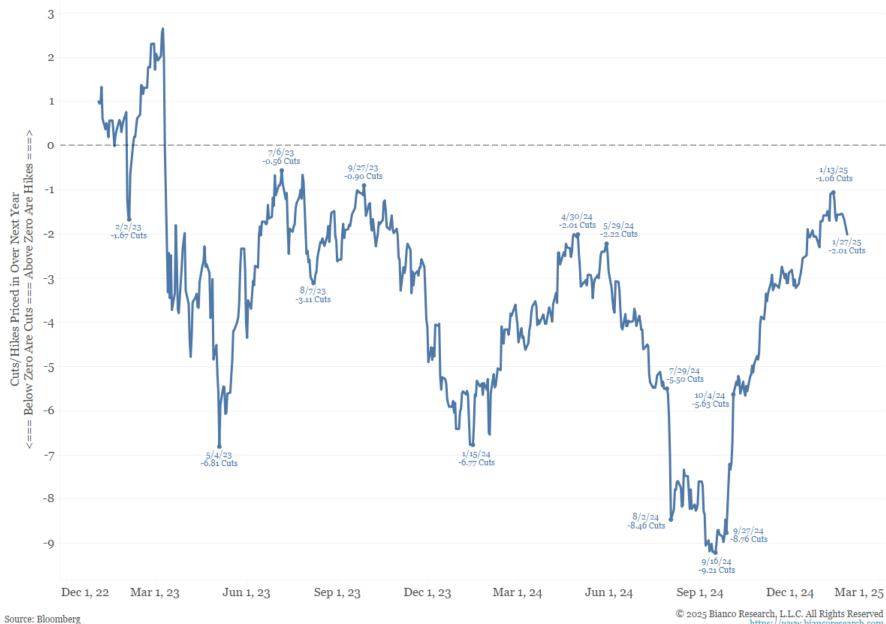
Tuesday, (January 7), Former Chicago Fed President Charlie Evans was on Bloomberg TV. He was asked why yields are soaring when the Fed is cutting rates.

He said lots of things are happening and pointed to the deficit and tariffs. In other words, it is Trump's fault.

He also went to everyone's default when you don't have an answer ... Al.

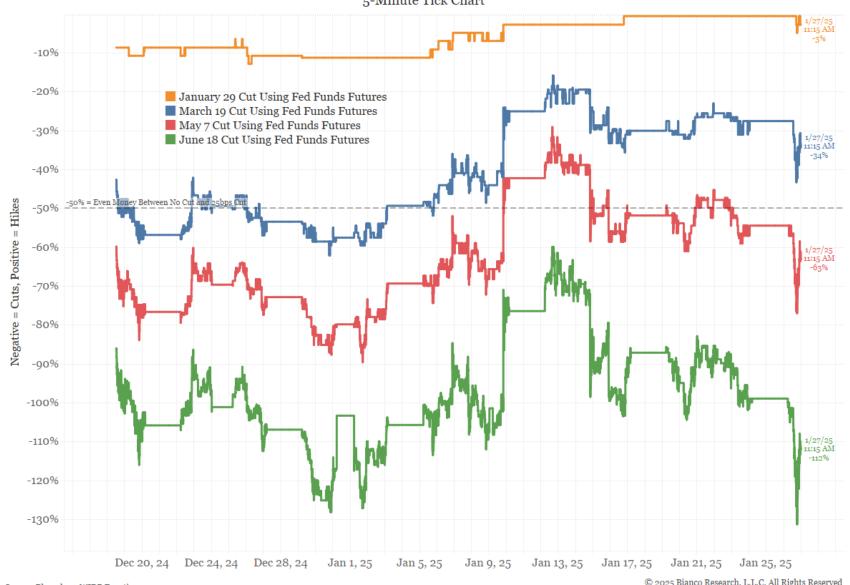


How Many Cuts Are Priced in Over the Next Year?



The Probability of a Fed Rate in the First Half of 2025 5-Minute Tick Chart

Trump on Thursday (January 23) said he expected the Fed to listen to his demands and would speak to Powell "at the right time". "I think I know interest rates much better than they do, and I think I know them certainly much better than the one who's primarily in charge of making that decision," Trump said. "If I disagree, I will let it be known."



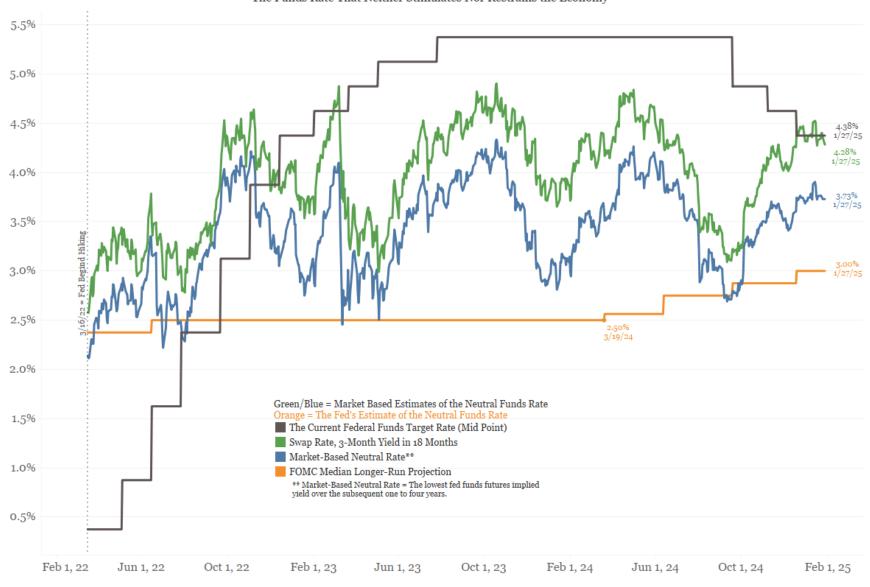
Source: Bloomberg WIRP Function

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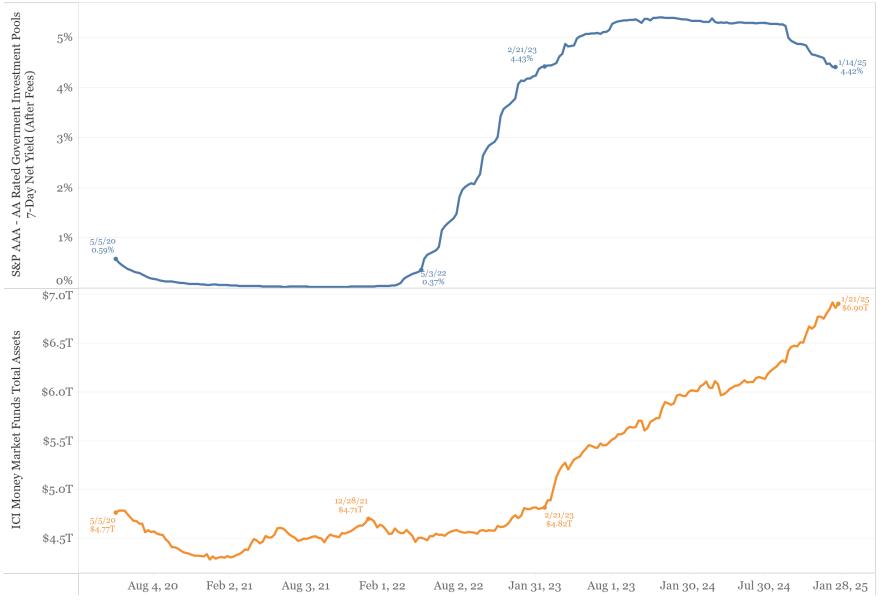
What Is the Neutral Rate?

The Funds Rate That Neither Stimulates Nor Restrains the Economy



Source: Bloomberg, The Chicago Mercantile Exchange

Money Market Funds



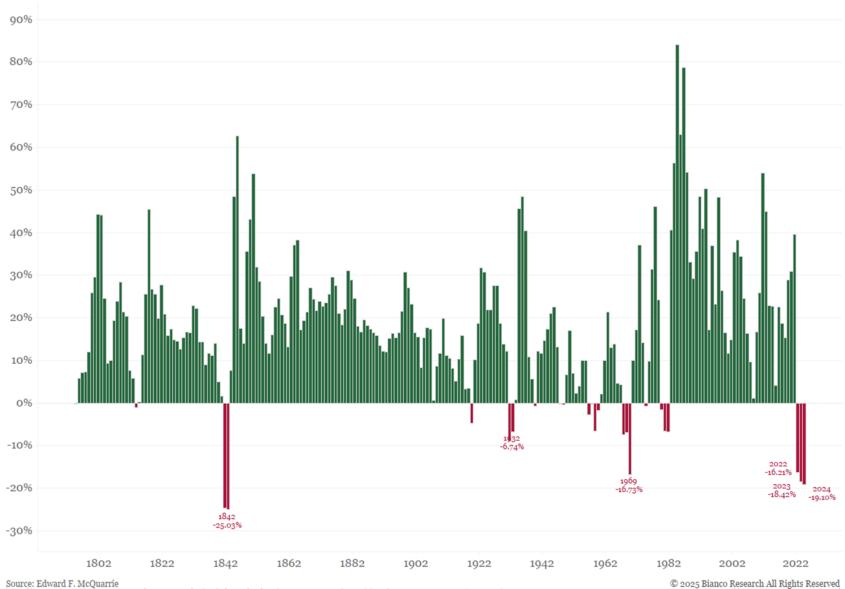
Source: Standard & Poors, Investment Company Institute

10-Year Treasury Yield



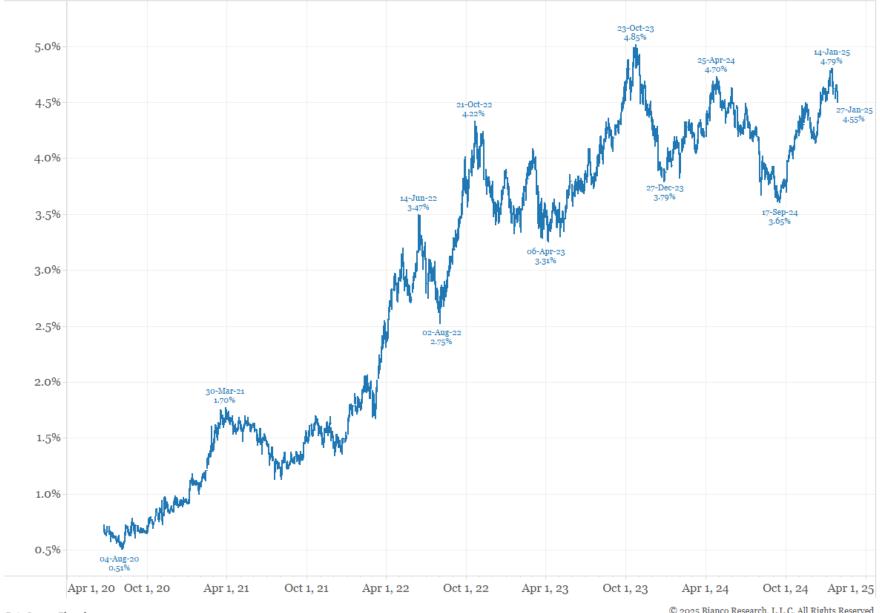
Source: U.S. Treasury & The Federal Reserve

Rolling Three-Year US Long-Term Nominal (Before Inflation) Bond Total Returns



http://www.edwardfmcquarrie.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/Real-returns-on-stocks-and-bonds-1793-to-2019-version-2-o.xlsx

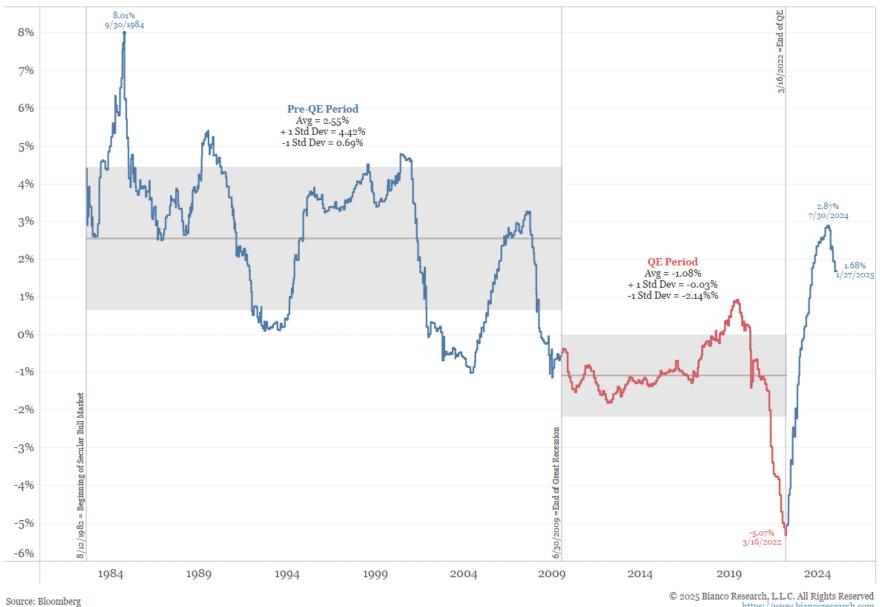




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The Real Fed Funds Rate

Upper End of Fed's Target Range Minus Core PCE



Adrian Crump & Moench 10-Year Treasury Term Premium

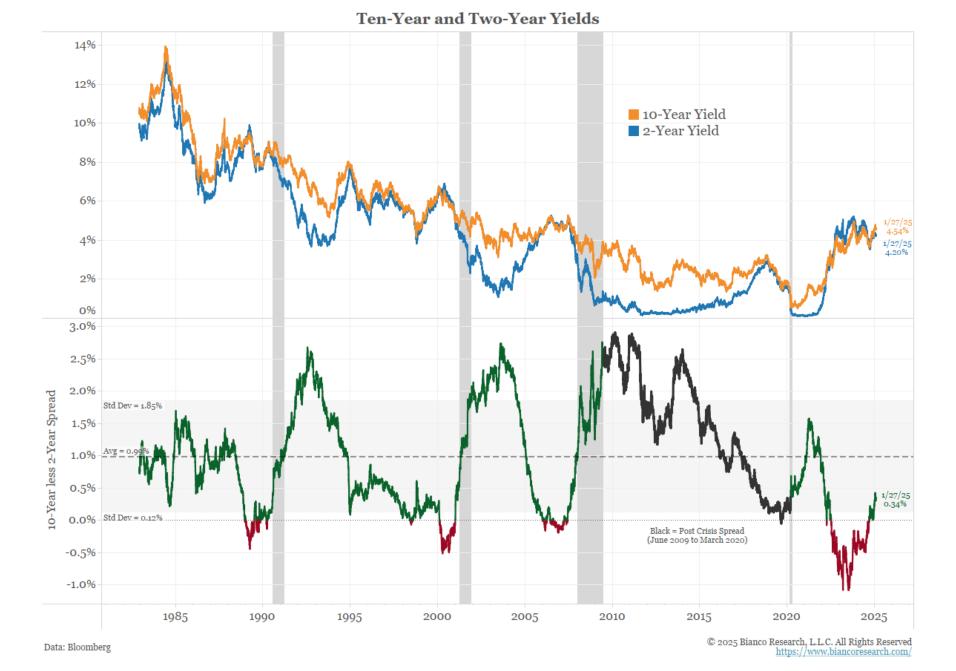


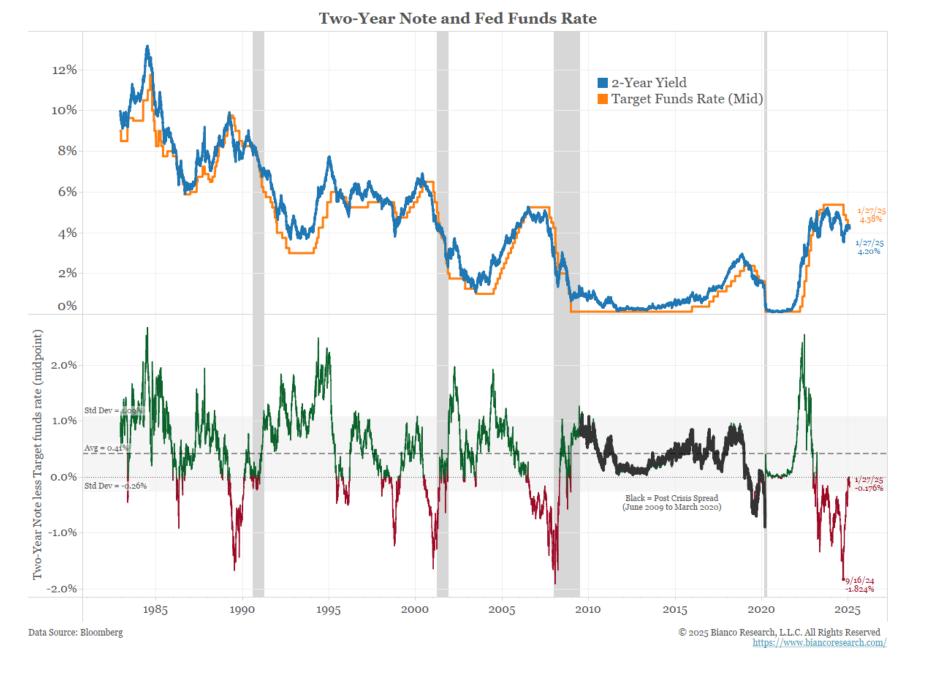
 $\label{loomberg} \begin{tabular}{ll} Data Source: Bloomberg, New York Federal Reserve \\ https://www.newyorkfed.org/research/data_indicators/term-premia-tabs\#/overview \\ \end{tabular}$

10-Year Term Premium Using the Adrian Crump & Moench Model from the New York Federal Reserve

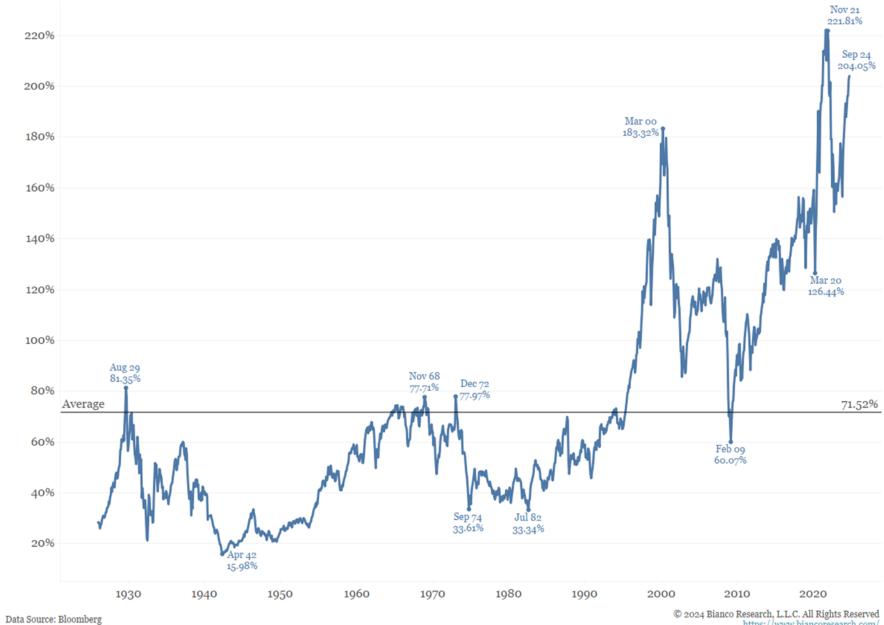


Data Source: Bloomberg, New York Federal Reserve https://www.newyorkfed.org/research/data indicators/term-premia-tabs#/overview





Stock Market Capitalization as a Percentage of Nominal GDP



Comparing Valuations - S&P 500 vs. S&P 493 1-Year Forward P/E Ratios



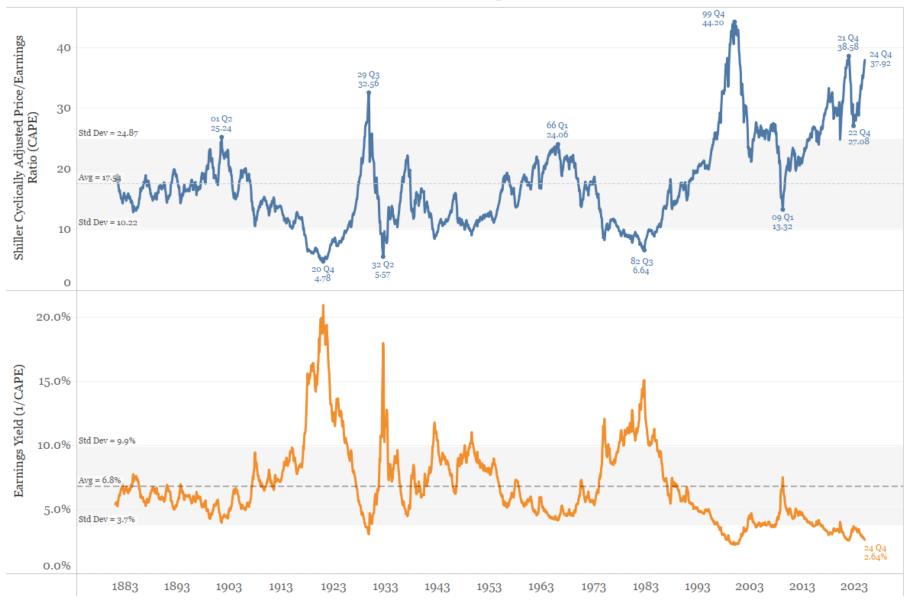
Yale Professor Robert Shiller won the 2013 Nobel Prize in Economics for his work on valuing asset prices. He found the concept simple: the higher

the valuation, the lower the expected

(or future) return.

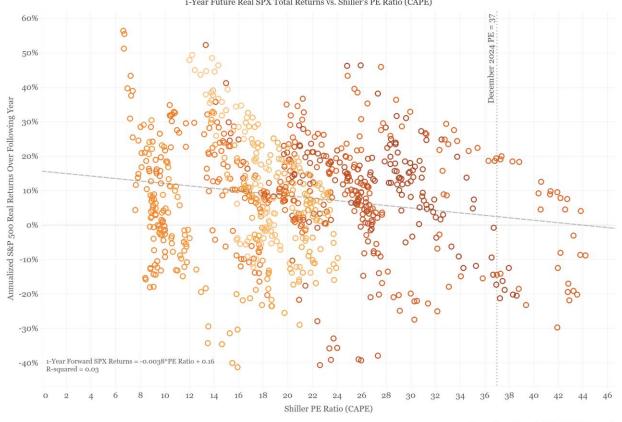
Shiller is famous for his Cyclically Adjusted Price/Earnings Ratio, or CAPE. It is shown below in blue. The bottom panel (orange) shows the earnings yield, which is the reciprocal of CAPE.

CAPE and Earnings Yield



Data Source: Robert J. Shiller

Not Much of a Relationship Over Short-Term 1-Year Future Real SPX Total Returns vs. Shiller's PE Ratio (CAPE)



Source: Bloomberg

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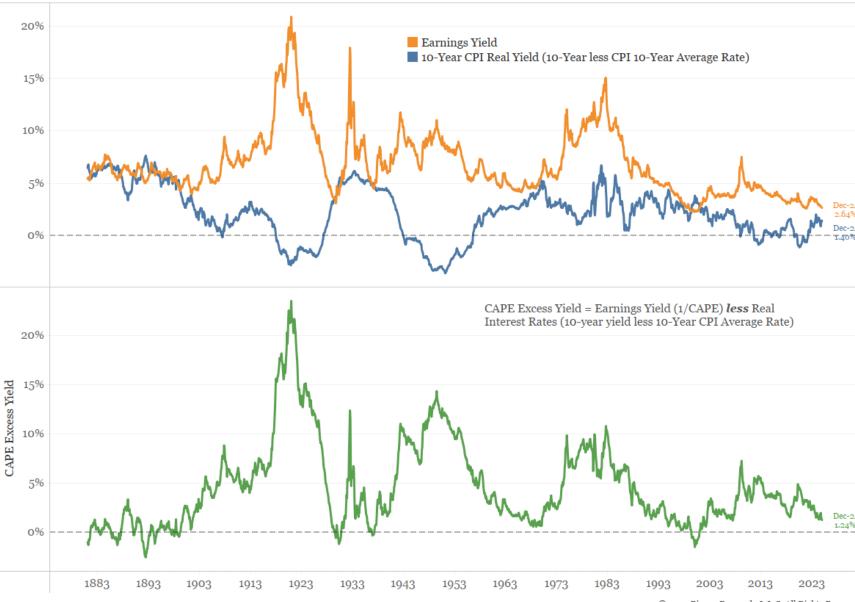
High Valuations Bring Low Future Real Returns Over the Long Run 10-Year Annualized Future Real SPX Total Returns vs. Shiller's PE Ratio (CAPE) 14% 12% 10% 0 8 0 10-Year Forward SPX Returns = -0.0039*PE Ratio + 0.14 R-squared = 0.30 Shiller PE Ratio (CAPE)

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Source: Bloomberg

CAPE Excess Yield



Data source: Robert J. Shiller

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This chart compares the earnings yield from above (orange) to real 10-year

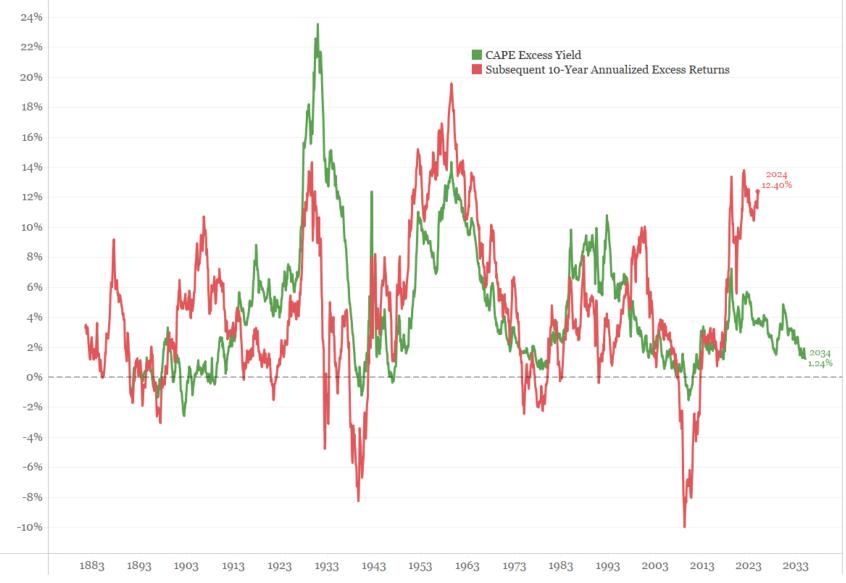
yields (blue).

This chart shows the CAPE excess yield from above shifted forward 10 years (green, out to 2034) as a sign of what is expected over the next decade. It is overlaid with the actual excess (above real yields) returns (red) to show how good a guide CAPE excess returns have been. Not bad.

•AQR - <u>Cliff Asness: 2035: An Allocator</u> <u>Looks Back Over the Last 10 Years</u>

First, it turns out that investing in U.S. equities at a CAPE in the high 30s yet again turned out to be a disappointing exercise. Today the CAPE is down to around 20 (still above long-term average). The valuation adjustment from the high 30s to 20 means that despite continued strong earnings growth, U.S. equities only beat cash by a couple of percent per annum over the whole decade, well less than we expected.

Excess CAPE Yield and Subsquent 10-Year Annualized Excess Returns



Data source: Robert J. Shiller

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The next chart shows the marketplace expects a 10-year real yield of 2.23%.

Treasury Inflation-Protected Security (TIPS) is an excellent proxy for the market's

estimate of real yields over the next decade.

So, assuming a 3% inflation rate over the next decade, the 10-year yield should average 5.23% (3% inflation plus 2.23% rea yield), and stocks should average a return of 6.43% (5.23% 10-year plus the CAPE excess yield of 1.2%).

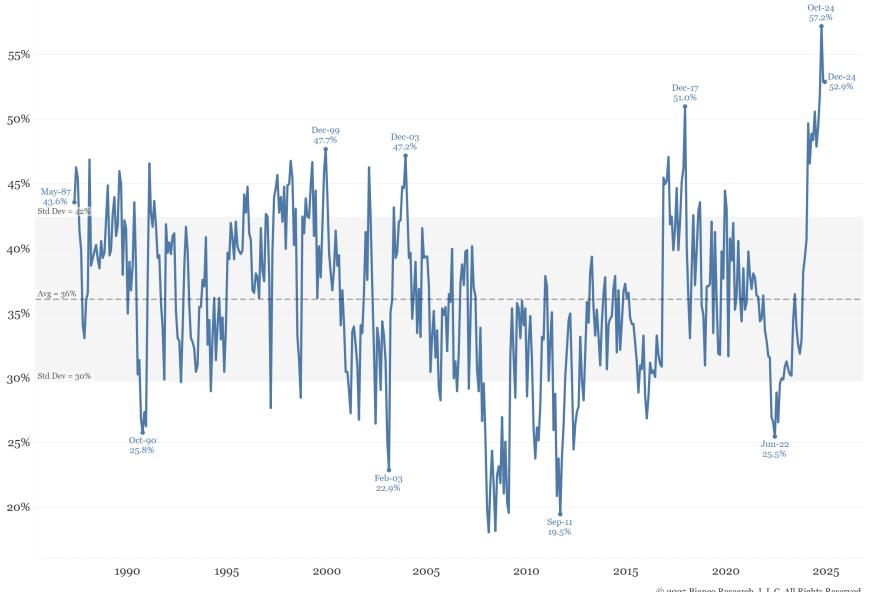


Source: Bloomberg

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Conference Board Consumer Confidence Expectation Stock Prices Increase Conference Board Survey, Random sample of approximately 3,000 U.S. households

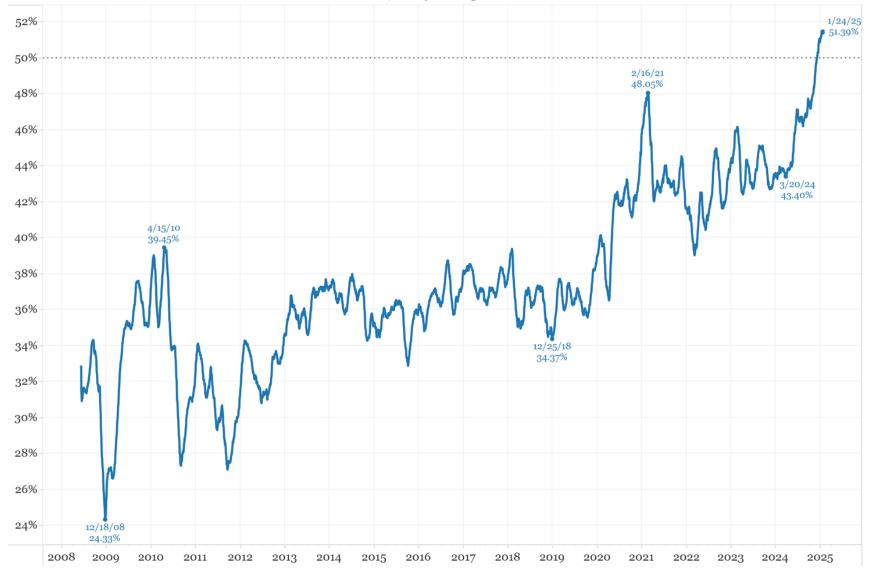


Data Source: Conference Board, Bloomberg

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Off-Exchange % Market Share Volume

30-Day Average



Data Source: Bloomberg

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Chart 1: US equity positioning surges to 11-year high post-Trump election victory Net % overweight US equities

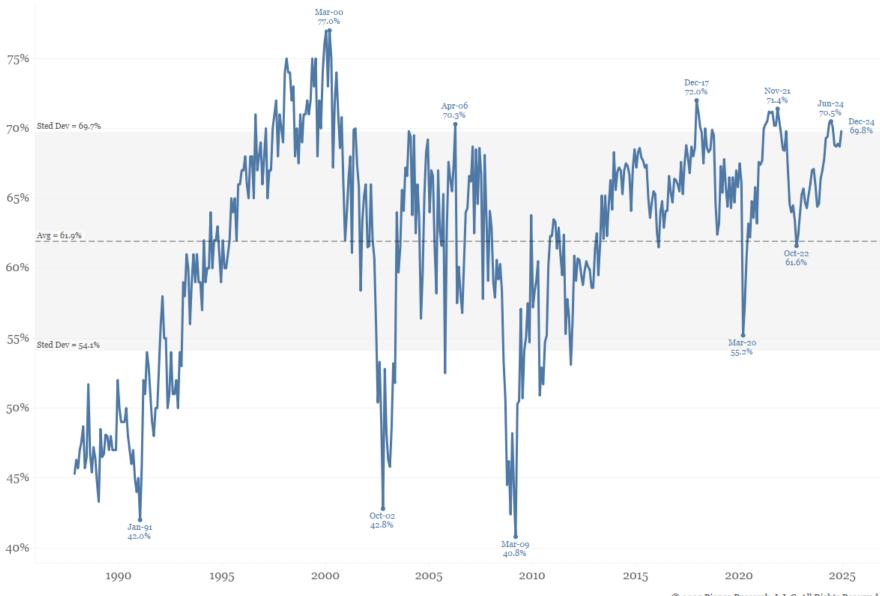


Source: BofA Global Fund Manager Survey. *Trump 2.0 indicates only the responses recorded after the US election

BofA GLOBAL RESEARCH

American Association Of Individual Investors Allocation Survey

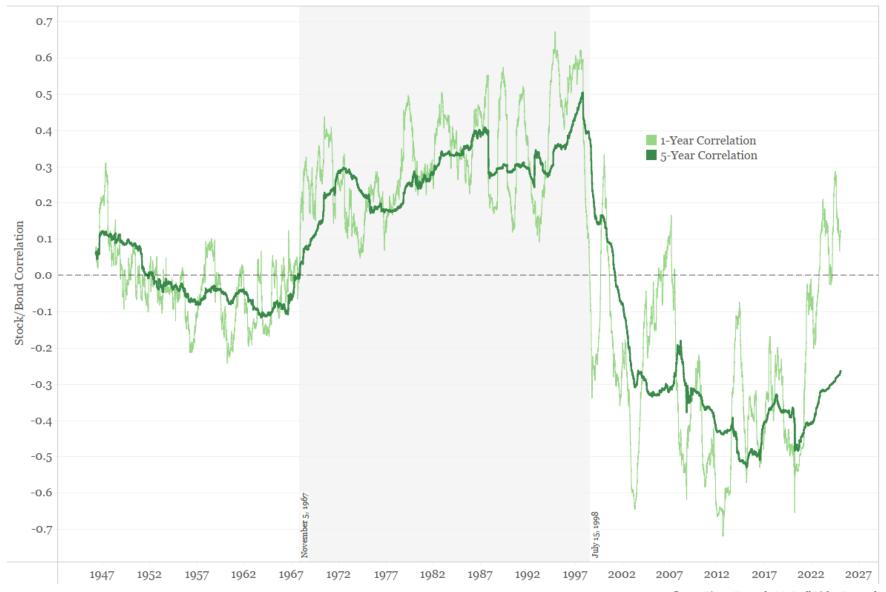
Percentage of Portfolio in Equities



Data Source: American Association of Individual Investors, Bloomberg

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Stock/Bond Correlation Comparing Stocks' Total Return to Bonds' Total Return



Source: U.S. Treasury & The Federal Reserve

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Expected returns mean fixed income should be competitive with stocks. The era of TINA (there is no alternative) is over. What does this mean for portfolio construction?

- •40% actively-managed fixed income, looking for 5.25% annualized returns over the next decade
- •20% a passive basket of stocks, such as the S&P 500, looking for 6.4% annualized returns over the next decade
- •30% "hot sauce" (credit Eric Balchunas of Bloomberg for the term). This concept has high expected returns that come with high risk. Examples are alternatives, growth stocks, AI, crypto, etc. Target 9% to 10% annualized returns as a group
- •10% cash until the yield curve gets very steep (say the 10-year to 3-month spread above 150 basis points), then collapse this into fixed-income. Currently, this could produce a 4.25% to 4.50% annualized return

S&P publishes its "Index versus Active" report, known as SPIVA, twice yearly. The latest is for mid-year 2024. This report details active managers' performance relative to their benchmark. We pulled SPIVA tables from the latest report, highlighting the broad stock and bond categories.

These tables highlight the percentage of funds that underperform their benchmark. The areas highlighted in pink indicate horizons in which more than 80% of funds underperform. The areas highlighted in yellow show horizons in which less than 50% underperformed (or, the majority outperformed). Most equity managers cannot beat their benchmark, but many fixed-income managers can.

S&P Dow Jones Indices

A Division of S&P Global

SPIVA® U.S. Focus

Mid-Year 2024 Highlights

Report 3: Fund Underperformance Rates - U.S. Equity Categories

| Fund Category | Comparison Index | YTD (%) | 1-Year (%) | 3-Year (%) | 5-Year (%) | 10-Year (%) | 15-Year (%) | 20-Year (%) |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| All Domestic Funds | S&P Composite 1500 | 76.56 | 76.17 | 90.09 | 85.91 | 90.08 | 93.42 | 94.31 |
| All Large-Cap Funds | S&P 500 | 57.31 | 57.05 | 86.08 | 77.26 | 84.71 | 89.54 | 91.77 |

Report 4: Fund Underperformance Rates - U.S. Fixed Income Categories

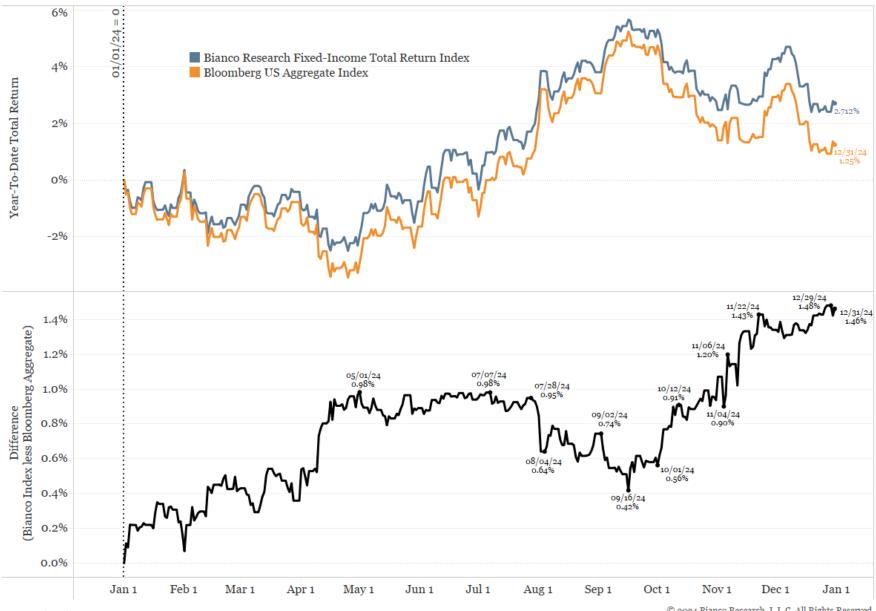
| Fund Category | Comparison Index | YTD (%) | 1-Year (%) | 3-Year (%) | 5-Year (%) | 10-Year (%) | 15-Year (%) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| U.S. Fixed Income | | | | | | | |
| General Bond Funds | iBoxx \$ Overall | 38.46 | 23.53 | 43.18 | 40.00 | 64.62 | 62.50 |
| Core Plus Bond Funds | iBoxx \$ Liquid Investment Grade | 8.57 | 61.00 | 21.28 | 63.10 | 93.55 | - |

The Financial Times (May 9. 2024) – <u>Jim Bianco: The total return strategy in bonds is far from dead</u>

The end of the historic bull market in the asset class just means a different approach is needed from investors

In equities, your biggest weightings are the all-stars. Think of the Magnificent Seven stocks. Equity managers cannot beat an index fund if they are not always all-in on the all-stars, and most are not. However, in the bond market, the biggest weightings are often the problem children, such as overleveraged companies, low-coupon mortgage securities, and countries that borrow too much debt. Recognising problems and sidestepping them produces big rewards. The fact that most managers have beaten a benchmark index confirms this. The new era just needs a change of style with more focus on coupon protection and risk assessment.

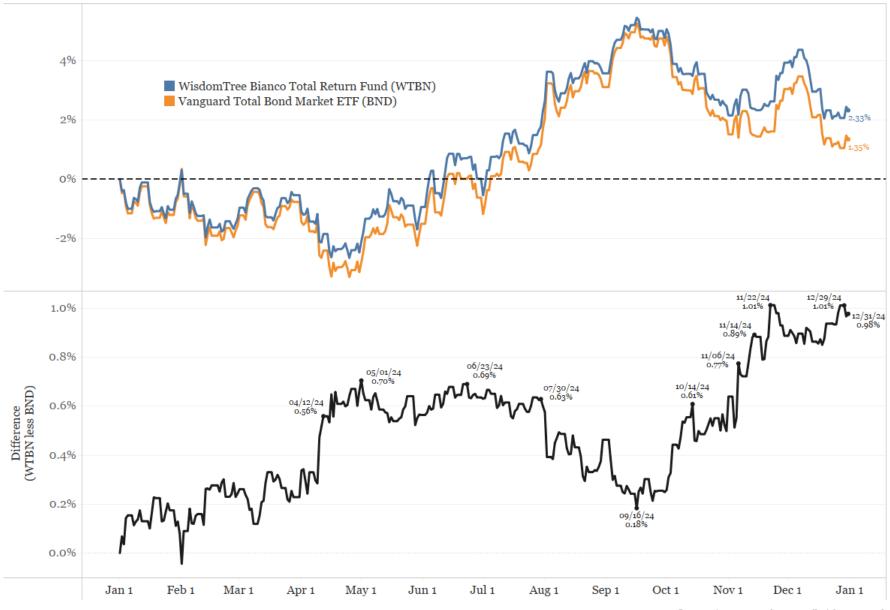
The Index Has Outperformed the Broad Bond Market Year-To-Date



Source: Bloomberg

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WTBN Has Outperformed BND Year-To-Date



Source: Bloomberg

© 2024 Bianco Research, L.L.C. All Rights Reserved https://www.biancoresearch.com/ USD | All data based off of NAV except where noted | Investment (Price) as of Dec 31, 2024 | Investment (NAV) as of Dec 31, 2024 | Category: Intermediate Core Bond as of Dec 31, 2024 | Index: Morningstar US Core Bd TR USD as of Dec 31, 2024 | Italics indicate Extended Performance. Extended performance is an estimate based on the performance of the investment's oldest share class, adjusted for fees.

| Trailing Returns Day End Month End Quarter End | | | | | | | $\nearrow \otimes$ | | |
|--|---------|---------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| Total Return % | 1-Month | 3-Month | YTD | 1-Year | 3-Year | 5-Year | 10-Year | 15-Year | Earliest Available |
| Total Return % (Price) | -1.49 | -2.25 | 2.18 | 2.18 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2.86 |
| Total Return % (NAV) | -1.62 | -2.40 | 2.24 | 2.24 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2.78 |
| Category (NAV) | -1.58 | -2.89 | 1.67 | 1.67 | -2.29 | -0.20 | 1.29 | 2.37 | _ |
| Index (NAV) | -1.59 | -3.04 | 1.36 | 1.36 | -2.43 | -0.36 | 1.32 | 2.32 | _ |
| Quartile Rank | | | | | - | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Percentile Rank | 44 | 12 | 19 | 19 | - | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Tax Adj. Returns %* | -2.02 | -2.90 | 0.84 | 0.84 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.42 |
| Percentile Rank (tax) | 68 | 13 | 13 | 13 | _ | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Tax Cost Ratio | _ | _ | _ | 1.36 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1.33 |
| # of Invest. in Cat. | 479 | 477 | 470 | 470 | 429 | 385 | 273 | 205 | _ |

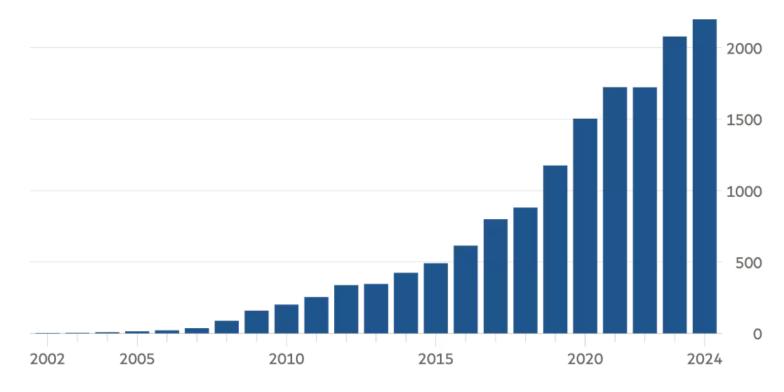
The American Association of Individual Investors (AAII) grades ETFs. At the end of 2024, WTBN received an "A."

I've been in the bond market for over 35 years, and frankly, I now question the need for a manager to use fixed-income securities to construct a fixed-income portfolio. A fixed-income ETF is faster, cheaper, more transparent, and more liquid. And with hundreds of fixed-income ETF offerings of every strip and flavor and seemingly more coming daily, why wouldn't you construct a portfolio using fixed-income ETFs instead of owning thousands of illiquid and hard-to-value securities?

BND holds 18,071 securities as of December 31. We have structured our index with just nine fixed-income ETFs at year-end (we used as many as 14 earlier this year). Coincidentally, the sum of these nine ETFs holds 18,072 unique securities, one more than BND. However, our index has different weightings and holds many securities not included in BND. Fixed-income ETFs allow replicating a broad diversified portfolio without the complexities and costs of owning thousands of bonds.

Bond ETFs take off

Assets under management (\$bn)



2002–07 data is only for US fixed income ETFs Source: Morningstar

The Financial Times – (July 30. 2024) Robin Wigglesworth and Will Schmitt: ETFs are eating the bond market

And changing its nature in the process

In fact, fixed income ETFs — now a \$2tn asset class — are shaking up the old order in a shadowy but important pillar of finance that has long been ruled by big banks and investment groups.

Bianco Research L.L.C.

For more information about the contents/ opinions contained in these reports:

President

James A. Bianco jbianco@biancoresearch.com

Analysts

Greg Blaha gblaha@biancoresearch.com Alex Malitas amalitas@biancoresearch.com

For subscription/service Information:

Arbor Research & Trading, Inc. Director of Sales & Marketing

Max Konzelman max.konzelman@arborresearch.com

Arbor Research & Trading, L.L.C

Domestic - For more information about Arbor Research & Trading and its services:

inforequest@arborresearch.com http://www.arborresearch.com

New York Sales Office

Edward T. McElwreath ed.mcelwreath@arborresearch.com

International - For more information about Arbor Research & Trading and its services:

London Sales Office

Neil Tritton neil.tritton@arborresearch.com Ben Gibson ben.gibson@arborresearch.com

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